

SPEECH ORGANIZATIONAL PATTERNS

1. _____: Develops in the same order that the events happen. A speech that discusses the history of women's rights could be put into this organizational pattern.
2. _____: Uses space arrangements to tie the parts of a speech together. If your speech deals with a specific place, such as a vacation spot, this pattern would prove useful.
3. _____: The subject is broken down into parts. All of the smaller parts fit together to form the whole topic. For example types of fishing or events at a gymnastics meet.
4. _____: This presents a problem that exists and develops a solution to the problem. A topic which could fit into this type of pattern would be identifying a particular pollution problem and illustrating ways to solve it.
5. _____: Explain certain causes or conditions first. Then you discuss the effects or results that they bring about.
6. _____: Begin with the most important detail first and work down to the least important detail. Or begin with the least important detail and work to the most important detail.
7. _____: Information is arranged to show similarities and differences between items.

Practice Organizational Patterns

BROAD TOPIC: CARS

Depending upon your narrowed topic and your general purpose you should be able to select the best organizational pattern for your speech.

1. Topic: _____

General Purpose: To _____

Specific Purpose: To inform my audience about the _____ of the automobile

Best organizational pattern choice? _____

2. Topic: Cars

General Purpose: to inform

Specific Purpose: To inform my audience about the _____
_____.

Best organizational pattern choice? _____

3. Topic: Cars

General Purpose: To _____

Specific Purpose: To persuade my audience _____
_____.

Best Organizational Pattern Choice? _____

4. Topic: Cars

General Purpose: To persuade

Specific Purpose: To persuade my audience that cars _____
_____.

Best organizational pattern choices? a. _____
b. _____

5. Topic: Cars

General Purpose: To inform

Specific Purpose: To inform my audience of the _____
related to most automobiles.

Best Organizational Pattern Choice? a. _____
b. _____

SPEECH - TYPES OF SUPPORT

For Research Purposes

1. _____ Test
2. _____ Speech
3. _____ Speech
4. _____

■ You must support what you say with evidence from _____ that is
_____ and helps _____ what you say.

■ All researched support must be properly _____ on the
_____ AND on a _____ Page.

Types of support used in the body of a speech include the following:

1. _____: Information that can be proven or verified.
2. _____: personal belief or attitude, cannot be proven.
3. _____: Statement of belief from an authority on the subject.
4. _____: Single instance that supports or develops a statement.
5. _____: A detailed example.
6. _____: brief story, often humorous used to give information, in a memorable, enjoyable way.
7. _____: numerical facts. Use them carefully and accurately. Do not overuse or misrepresent statistics.
8. _____: Explains the meaning of a word or concept.
9. _____: Creating a picture or image of something in your audience's mind through effective word choices.
10. _____: Expresses someone's exact words. Must give credit to the source.

11. COMPARISONS:

- a. _____ **comparison**: shows similarities between unlike things in an imaginative or creative way
- b. _____ **comparison**: real similarities between things that are basically alike
- c. _____: highlights the differences between two things.